

### UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO	. F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/654,412		09/01/2000	Tatsuya Nakagawa	PM 273795	5709		
909	7590	12/19/2001					
		THROP LLP	EXAMINER				
	ONS BOUL , VA 2210		PHAN, THANH S				
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				2841			
					DATE MAILED: 12/19/2001		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		09/654,412		NAKAGAWA, TATSUYA				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Thanh S Phan		2841				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·						
2a) <u></u>	•	is action is non-fi	nal.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 7-13</u> is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4, 7-13</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election require	ment.					
Application	on Papers							
9) 🗌 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) □ approved b) □ disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>9</u>	4)		y (PTO-413) Paper No(s). Patent Application (PTO-				

Art Unit:

## **DETAIL ACTION**

# Claim Rejection - 35 USC 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fukui et al. (U. S Pat # 3,978,375) in view of Gold et al. (U.S Pat # 5,379,186).

Regarding claim 1. Fukui et al. discloses a component mounting circuit board comprising: a circuit pattern including a plurality of electrically conductive plate (reference 1); and a resin molded section made of a resin by way of molding so as to cover the circuit pattern and the inner electrical component (reference 6), the resin molded section having an opening (reference 3) allowing an outer electrical component (reference 4) located outside the resin molded section to be connected to the circuit pattern therethrough. However, Fukui et al. does not discloses an inner electrical component electrically connected to the circuit pattern. Gold et al. discloses an encapsulated electronic component (inner electronical component). It would have been

Art Unit:

obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Fukui et al.'s circuit with Gold et al. 'S teaching for the purpose of heat diffusing.

**Regarding claim 2**. Fukui et al. And Gold et al. disclose the component mounting circuit board according to claim 1, and Fukui et al. further discloses wherein the resin molded section is made of an epoxy resin (column 3, lines 4-6).

**Regarding claim 3**. Fukui et al. and Gold et al. discloses the component mounting circuit board according to 1, and Fukui et al. further disclose wherein the circuit pattern includes a portion corresponding to the inner electrical component and provided with a thicker portion thicker than a remaining portion (figure 17).

**Regarding claim 4**. Fukui et al. and Gold et al. disclose the component mounting circuit board according to claim 1, and further discloses wherein the circuit pattern includes a portion corresponding to the inner electrical component and provided with an exposed portion exposed outside the resin molded section (figure 16).

**Regarding claim 7**. Fukui et al. and Gold et al. disclose the component mounting circuit board according to claim 1, further comprising a support (references 18, 19, 20) provided on the resin molded section to support the outer electrical component.

Art Unit:

Regarding claim 8. Fukui et al. and Gold et al. disclose the component mounting circuit board according to claim 1 except for further comprising a terminal provided on the circuit pattern so as to project outside the resin molded section. It would have been obvious to one of ordianry skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have the circuit pattern extended outside of the resin molded section since itwas known in the art that such extension would provides electrical connecttion with addition devices.

**Regarding claim 9**. Fukui et al. and Gold et al. disclose the component mounting circuit board according to claim 1. Gold et al. further discloses wherein the inner electrical component is connected to the circuit pattern by wire bonding (Column 2, lines 16-18).

Regarding claim 10. Fukui et al. and Gold et al. disclose the component mounting circuit board according to claim 1. Fukui et al. further discloses wherein the outer electrical component is soldered to a portion of the circuit pattern corresponding to the opening (Figure 13a).

Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fukui et al. and Gold et al. as applied to the claims above, and further in view of Takeuji et al. (U.S Pat # 4,812,617).

Art Unit:

Regarding claim 11. Fukui et al. and Gold et al. disclose a component mounting circuit board comprising: a circuit pattern including a plurality of electrically conductive plates; an inner electrical component electrically connected to the circuit pattern; and a resin molded section made of a resin by way of molding so as to cover the circuit pattern and the inner electrical component. However do not disclose the component mounting circuit board is incorporated in a microwave oven and on which a power supply circuit for driving a magnetron, a switching circuit, etc. are mounted. Takeuji et al. discloses a microwave oven comprising a printed circuit board supporting a plurality of circuit elements (Abstract lines 7-9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to use the combination of Fukui et al. and Gold et al.'s circuit board in Takeuji et al.'s microwave oven for the purpose of minimizing space usage and better heat diffusion.

Regarding claim 12. The component mounting circuit board according to claim 11, wherein the resin molded section includes an opening used when an outer electrical component located outside the resin molded section is connected to the circuit pattern (see claim 1).

**Regarding claim 13**. The method steps are inherent since the limitations of the apparatus are disclosed.

Art Unit:

### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Lage et al. (U. S Pat # 5,377,139) discloses a Process Forming An Integrated Circuit.

Japp et al. (U.S Pat # 6,329,603) discloses a Low CTE Power And Ground Planes.

Jonaidi (U.S Pat # 5,834,705) discloses an Arrangement For Modifying Electrical

Printed Circuit Boards.

Yoshimura et al. (U.S Pat # 4,314,126) discloses a Microwave Heating Apparatus With Colling Conduit.

#### **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanh S Phan whose telephone number is 703-305-0069. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Gaffin can be reached on 703-308-3301. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-7722 for regular communications and 703-305-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

Art Unit:

**TSP** 

December 15, 2001

Jayprakash N. Gandhi Primary Examiner Technology Center 2800